Money: Activities

Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

A. Word forms

Write one word in each gap. The hint tells you the meaning.

1. The central bank is responsible for _____ policy. (adjective: relating to money or currency)
2. Many bloggers _____ their websites with ads. (verb: earn income from)
3. The contract says all _____ must be paid within 30 days. (noun, plural, formal: sums of cash)
4. I can't come to the concert. I'm completely _____. (adjective, informal: having nothing to spend)
5. Rent is my biggest monthly _____. (noun: money you pay out)
6. It took her ten years to pay off her student _____. (noun: money you owe)
7. At half price, the jacket is a _____. (noun: a great deal)

B. Collocations and patterns

Circle the word that completes each sentence.

1. I want to _____ some money this summer, so I've found a part-time job.
   a) do b) win c) make d) gain
2. How much do you spend _____ food each week?
   a) for b) at c) with d) on
3. Could you _____ me some money until Friday?
   a) borrow b) lend c) take d) owe
4. She _____ money from her brother to fix her car.
   a) gave b) owed c) borrowed d) lent
5. The students _____ money for a local children's hospital.
   a) grew b) raised c) rose d) lifted
6. Please don't _____ money on things you don't need.
   a) drop b) miss c) waste d) lose
7. I still _____ my roommate money for the electricity bill.
   a) borrow b) own c) lend d) owe
8. The shop offers a 30-day money-_____ guarantee.
   a) again b) back c) refund d) return
9. I'm saving _____ for a new phone.
   a) on b) in c) up d) out
10. We ran _____ of money on the last day of our trip.
    a) off b) away c) over d) out

C. Plenty or Short?

Write P if they have plenty of money, or S if they are short of money.

1. After selling his company, he is absolutely loaded. _____
2. We're a bit cash-strapped this month. _____
3. She has money to burn, so she always flies first class. _____
4. I can't buy lunch today. I'm broke. _____
5. The early investors made a killing on the new app. _____
6. Money has been tight since he lost his job. _____
7. They built a large nest egg and retired early. _____
8. Like many workers, they live paycheck to paycheck. _____

D. Error correction

Circle the correct sentence, a or b.

1. a) How much money do you need?
   b) How many moneys do you need?
2. a) I spent too much for clothes last month.
   b) I spent too much on clothes last month.
3. a) Can you lend me ten dollars?
   b) Can you borrow me ten dollars?
4. a) I borrowed money from my sister.
   b) I borrowed money to my sister.
5. a) She wins good money as a nurse.
   b) She earns good money as a nurse.
6. a) The price is too expensive.
   b) The price is too high.
7. a) I paid for the tickets online.
   b) I paid the tickets online.
8. a) It's hard to make end meet.
   b) It's hard to make ends meet.

E. Match the expressions

Write the letter of the correct meaning next to each expression.

1. be broke ____	**A** to pay much more than something is worth
2. live paycheck to paycheck ____	**B** to have no money at all
3. make ends meet ____	**C** to be very rich
4. tighten your belt ____	**D** to have just enough money for basic needs
5. save for a rainy day ____	**E** to earn a lot of money quickly
6. be loaded ____	**F** to save money for a future problem or need
7. make a killing ____	**G** to spend all your pay before the next pay arrives
8. pay through the nose ____	**H** to spend less because you have less money

The full lesson
Reading, word lists with translations in eight languages, interactive activities, a speed challenge, quotations, and discussion questions.
englishbridges.com/lessons/deep-dive-money